

Matt Wheeldon – 26 September 2023





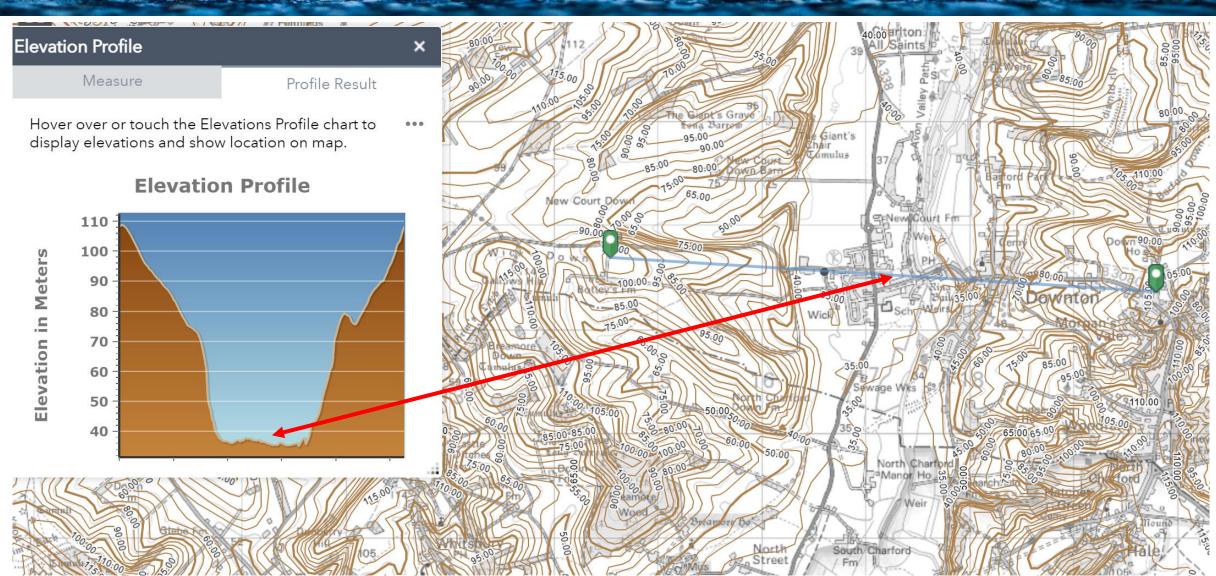
Agenda



- Flooding sources
 - Fluvial
 - Surface water
 - Ground water
 - Sewer
 - Infiltration sealing plans
- Storm overflows
 - Their impact
 - Solution types
 - Storm overflows affected by groundwater
 - Our current and future plans
- Questions

Downton

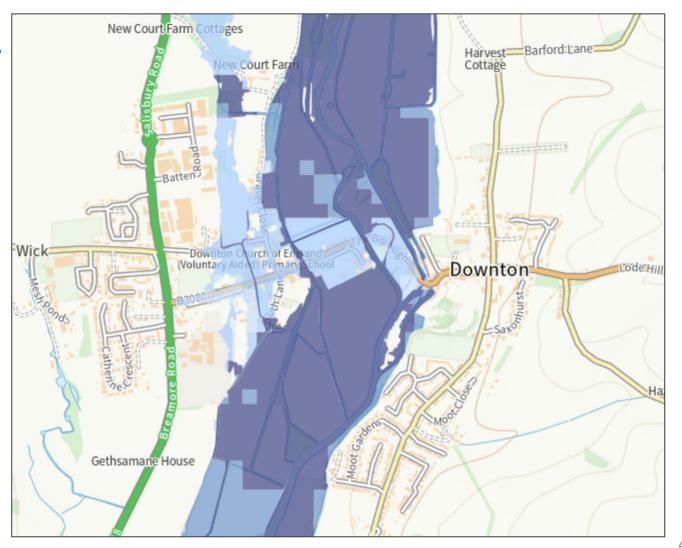




Fluvial flooding risk



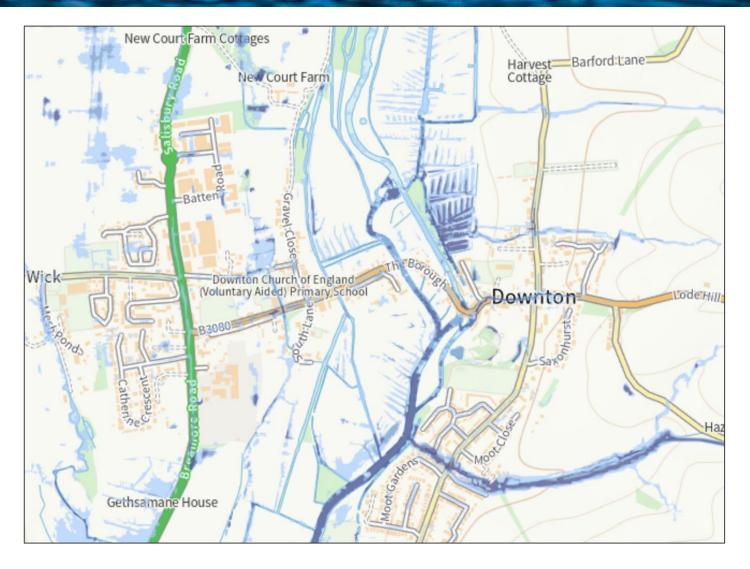
Fluvial flood risk maps (GOV.UK)



Surface water flood risk

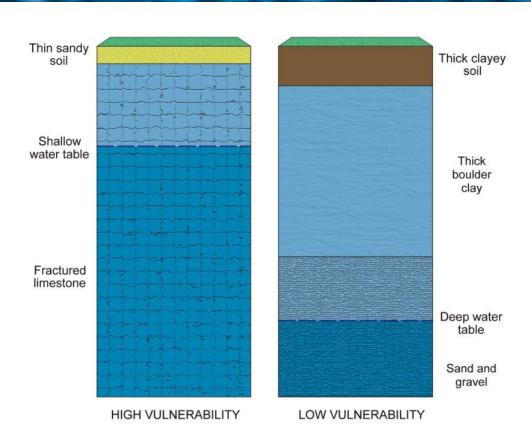


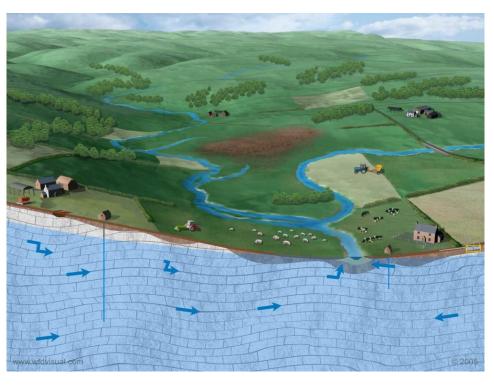
Surface water flood risk maps (GOV.UK)



Groundwater flooding

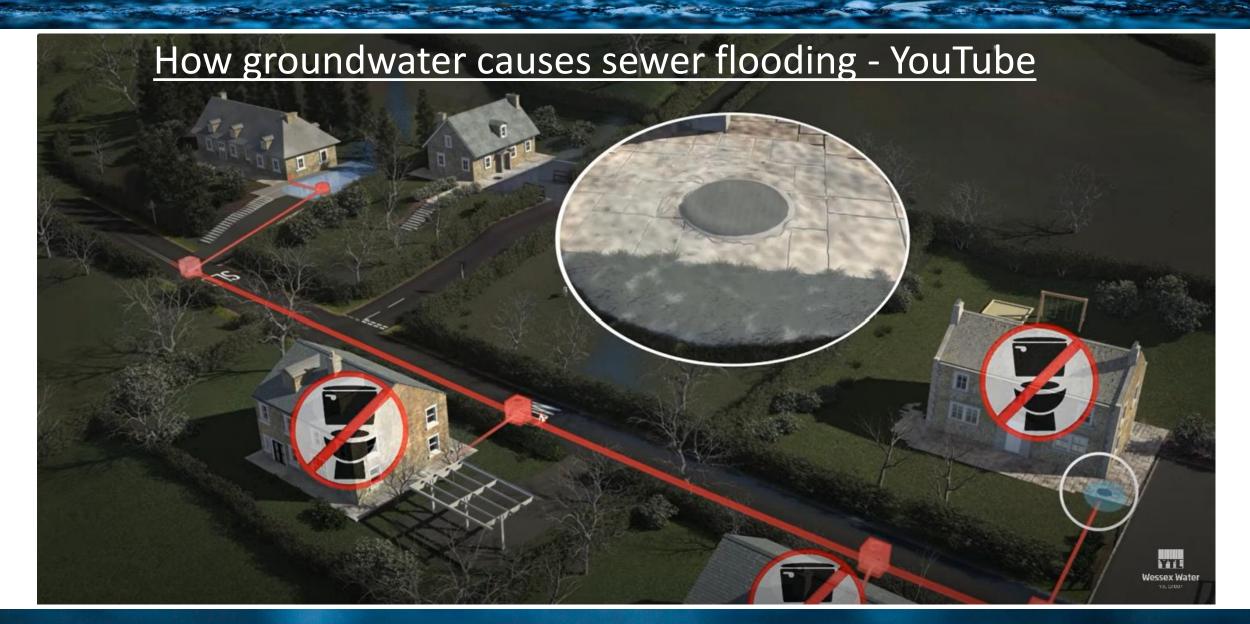






Sewer flooding





Infiltration sealing



- We have a continuous programme of infiltration sealing and publish our infiltration reduction plans and update them each year
- Infiltration Reduction Plans
- Downton Infiltration Reduction Plan
- Iterative process due to the short window of opportunity to locate leaks each winter

Too early





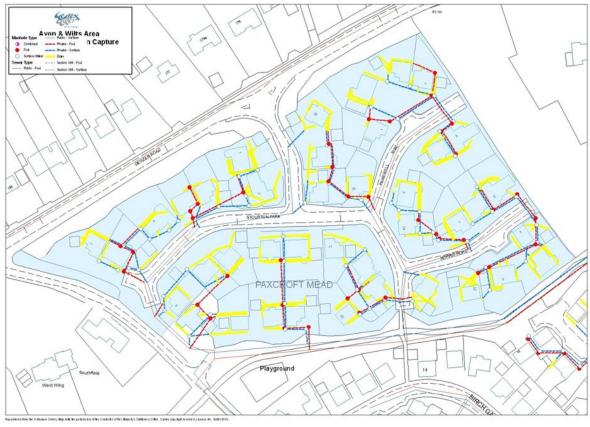




Groundwater infiltration



Private drains account for c70% of the length of the underground drainage network



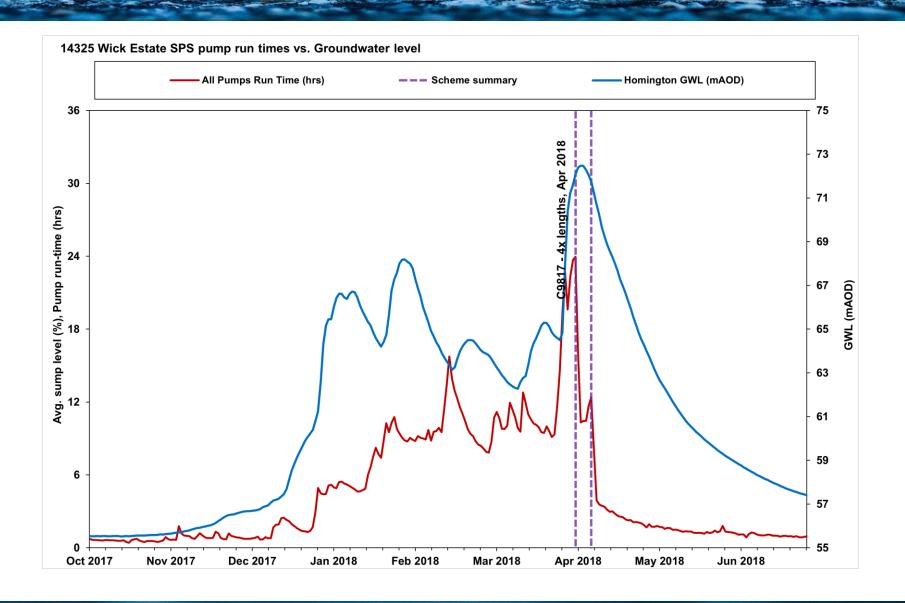
Typical development: private pipes in yellow



Illustration: the twigs on a tree (private) are a lot longer in length than the branches and truck (public)

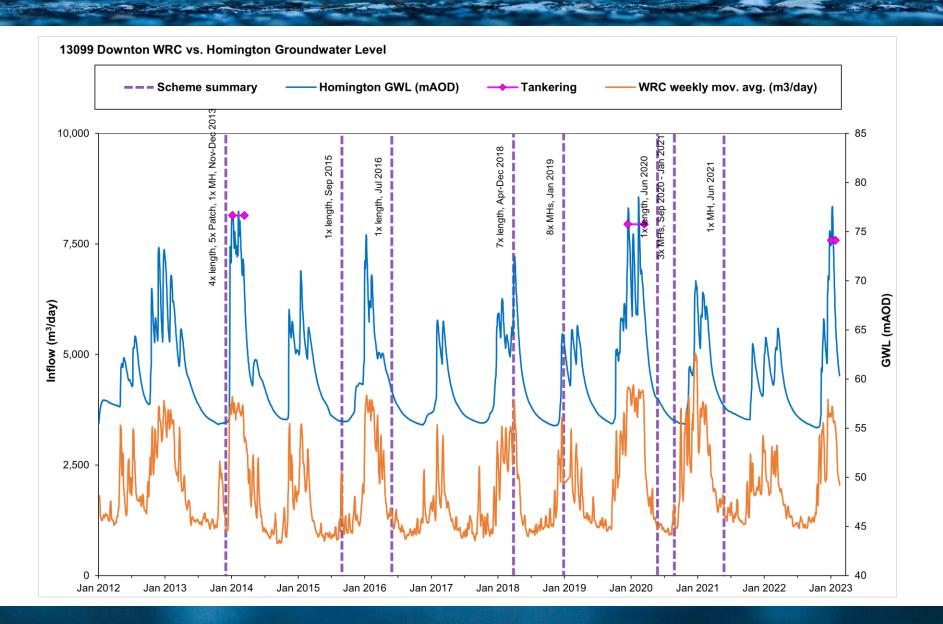
Can sewer sealing work? YES





Can sewer sealing work? NO





Winter 22/23 sewer inspections



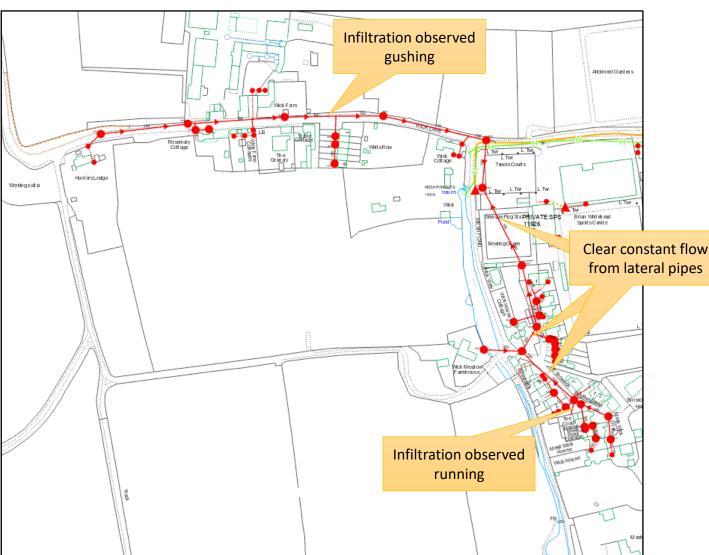
Infiltration was found in

- 8 locations on the public sewer
- 14 instances of clear constant inflow from lateral pipes
- 4 instances of infiltration from new development



Mesh Ponds area

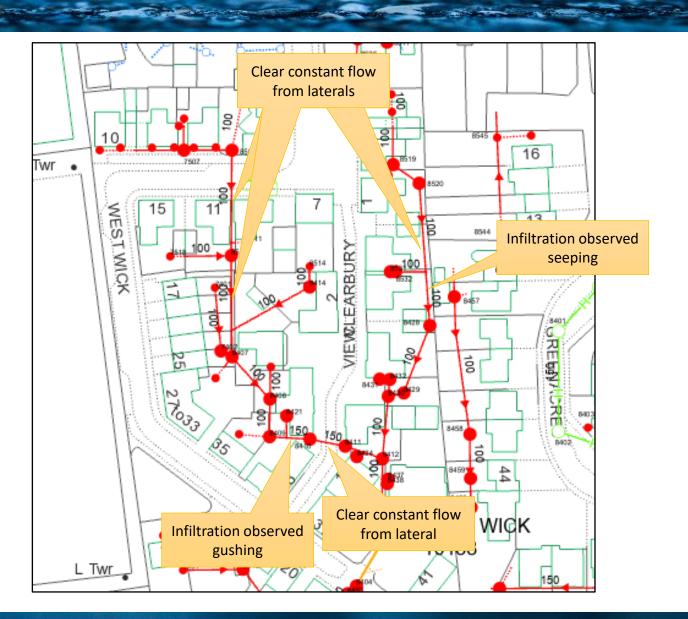






West Wick area

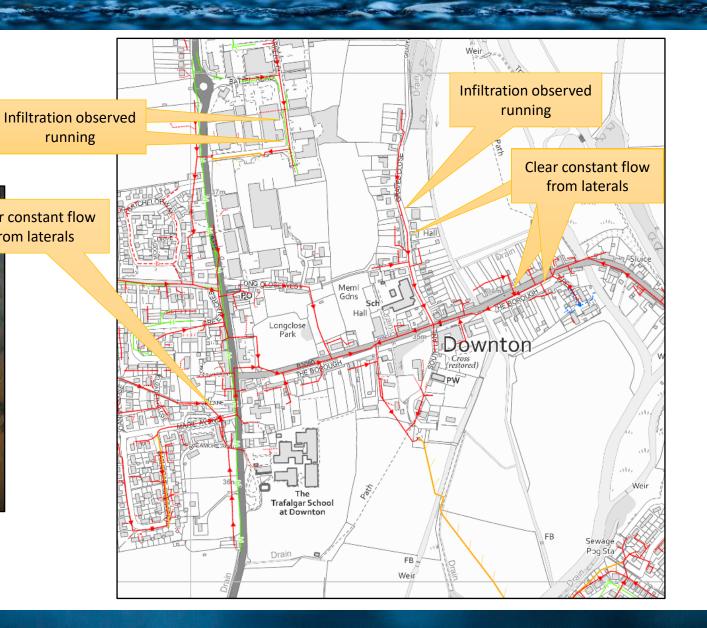






Central Downton

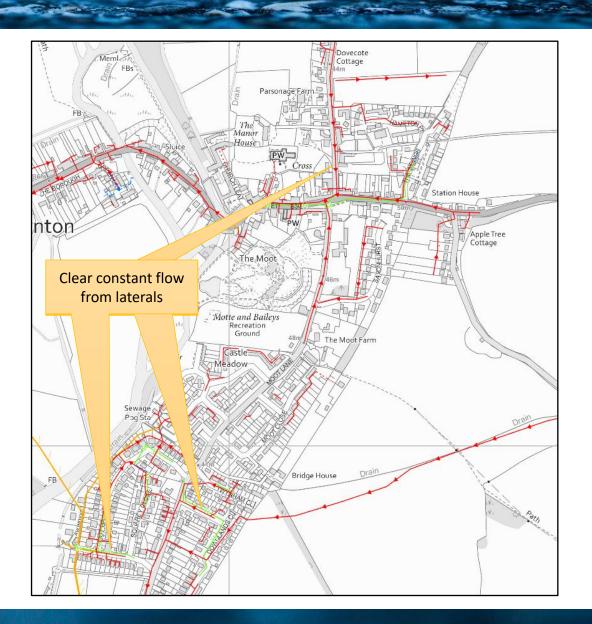






• East of the river.

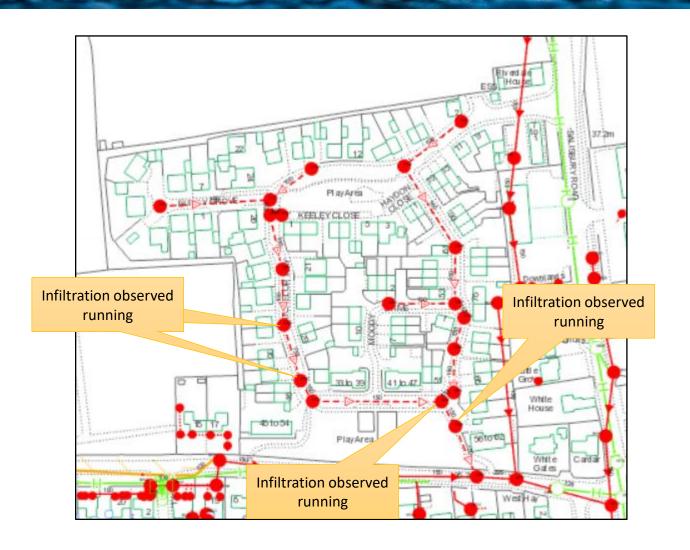






New development





Actions 23/24



- Fix gushers and runners discovered
- Follow-up action with developer to fix infiltrating assets
- More infiltration surveys will be attempted to achieve parts which could not be achieved this year
- The survey will also follow up on the infiltration from private pipes which were identified

Storm Overflows





The one-pipe problem



Foul water



Surface water



1 roof (surface water) is the equivalent flow to 100 separately drained properties (foul only flow)

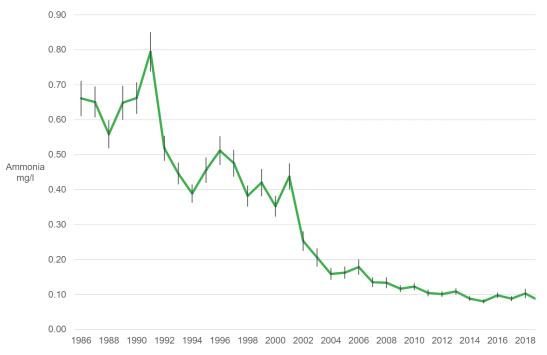
Combined drain

More than half of all properties in England are built like this

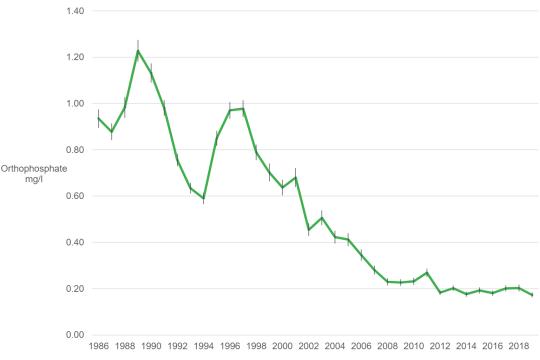
Key river pollutants



Ammonia levels (1986-2019)



Orthophosphate levels (1986-2019)

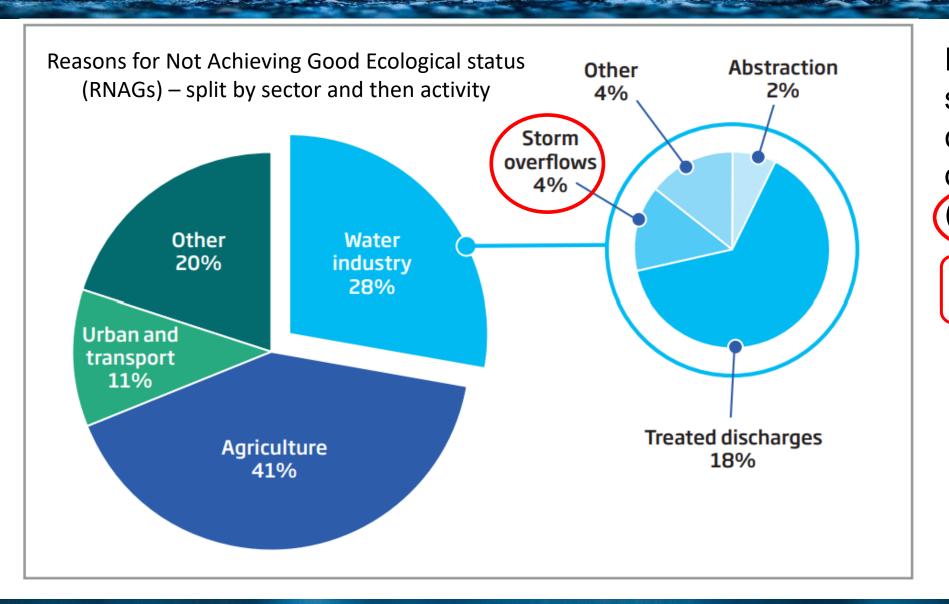




Scan the QR code to access this data

Good ecological status





In Wessex Water, storm overflows currently account for 9 of the 1074 RNAGs (0.9%)

NONE in Dorset

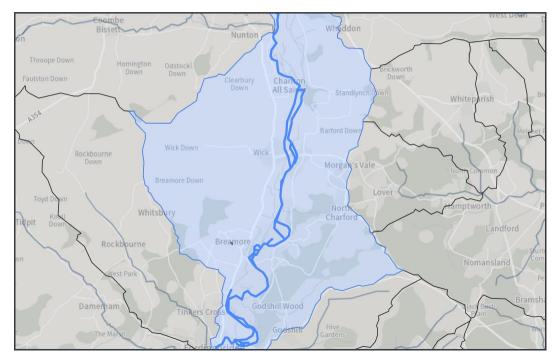
Scan the QR code to access the source of this data



Water quality in Hants Avon



Hampshire Avon (Middle) Water Body



Hampshire Avon (Middle) | Catchment Data Explorer | Catchment Data Explorer

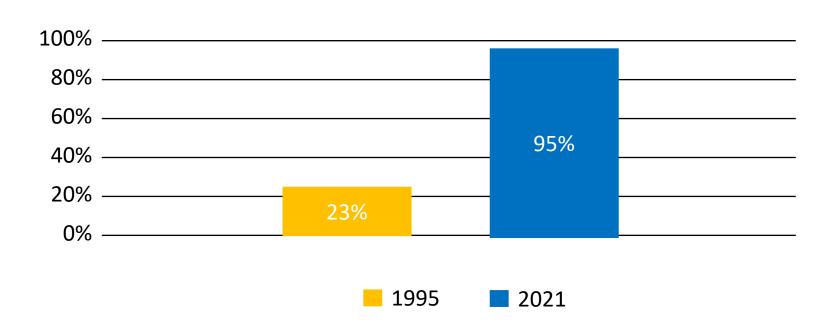
assification Item	2019	2022
cological	Moderate	Moderate
Biological quality elements	Moderate	Moderate
Fish	Moderate	
Invertebrates	High	High
Macrophytes and Phytobenthos Combined	Moderate	Moderate
Macrophytes Sub Element	Moderate	Good
Phytobenthos Sub Element	Moderate	Moderate
Physico-chemical quality elements	Good	Good
Acid Neutralising Capacity	High	High
Ammonia (Phys-Chem)	High	High
Dissolved oxygen	High	High
Phosphate	Good	Good
Temperature	Good	High
рН	High	High
Hydromorphological Supporting Elements	Supports good	Supports good
Hydrological Regime	Does not support good	Supports good
Specific pollutants	High	High
Arsenic	High	High
Chlorothalonil	High	High
Copper	High	High
Iron	High	High
Manganese	High	High
Pendimethalin	High	High
Zinc	High	High

Public health: Bathing water quality trends



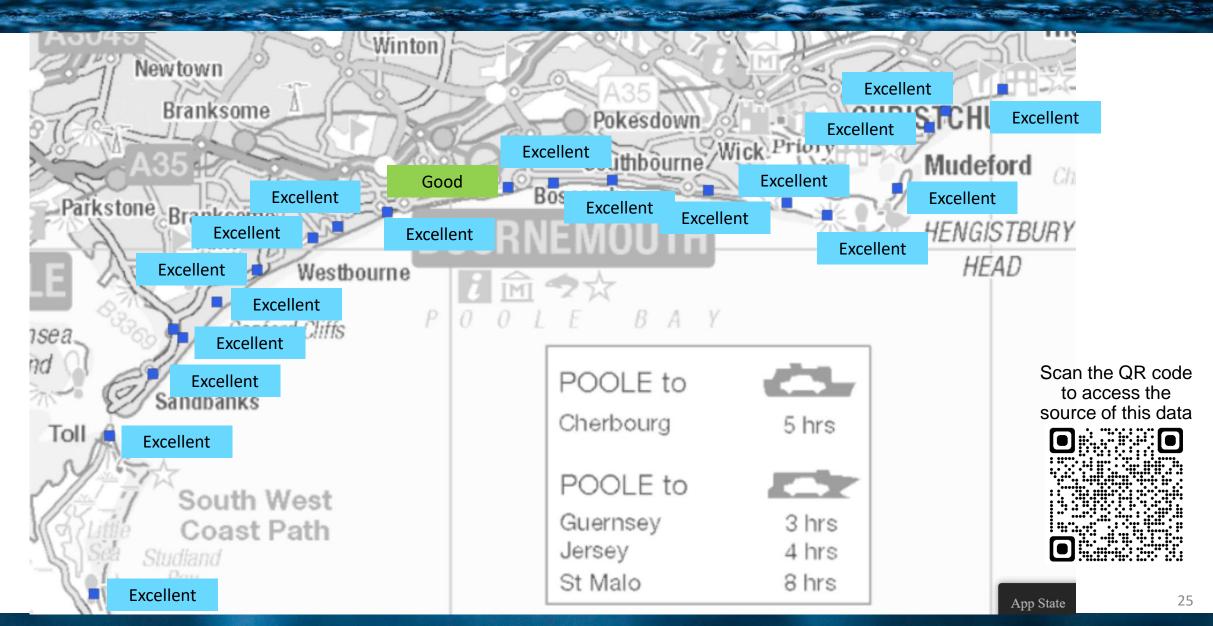
Bathing Water Quality in England

Sites reaching the highest standards – Excellent or Good Source: Department for Environment Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA)



Bathing water quality – local picture 2022







Start with the principles...





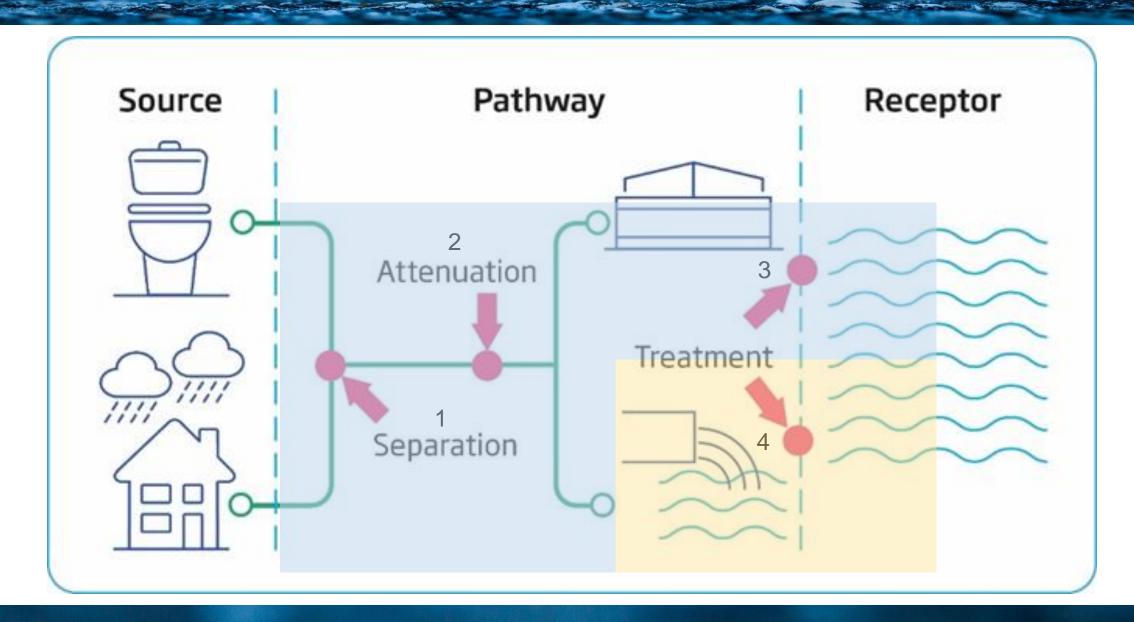
Rainwater should first and foremost be treated as a RESOURCE, captured near where it lands and reused where possible....



Rainwater should be returned to the environment AS CLOSE TO WHERE IT LANDED as possible and never mixed with sewage

4 solution options





Solutions: relative benefits



Outcome	Solution	Relative Benefits Assessment				
		Water efficiency	Biodiversity	Customer bills	Embodied Carbon	Operational Carbon
Reduction in discharges	1. Separation (property level)	✓	√	\checkmark	√	✓
	1. Separation (community level)	×	✓	×	✓	\checkmark
	2. Attenuation	×	×	×	×	×
	3. Treatment capacity increases at WRCs	×	×	×	×	×
Reduction in harm	4. Treatment at overflow: nature-based solutions	×	√	×	√	✓
	4. Treatment at overflow: grey solutions (e.g. UV)	×	×	×	×	×

The best solutions...



- ...address the problem at source
- ...need changes to regulation and legislation to help them happen

Legislation amendments to enable water companies to:

- construct private soakaways
- discharge rainwater to watercourses
- seal private pipes that are letting in groundwater
- charge highways authorities for draining roads

Regulation changes to encourage water companies to:

- embark on progressive private property separation
- solve groundwater induced overflows with nature-based solutions

Storm overflows affected by groundwater





Groundwater induced overflows



- These account for 20% of all overflows but contribute to 50% of all discharge hours
- Top 50 groundwater induced overflows account for 42% of all discharge hours

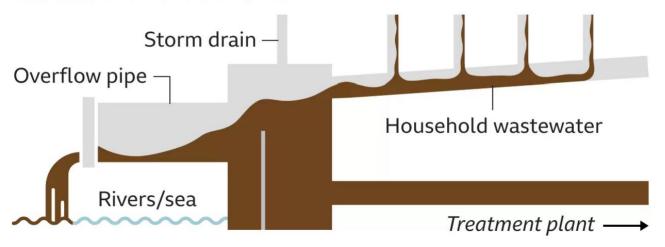
Dry day spills....



Water firms illegally spilled sewage on dry days - data suggests - BBC News

Illegal dry spill

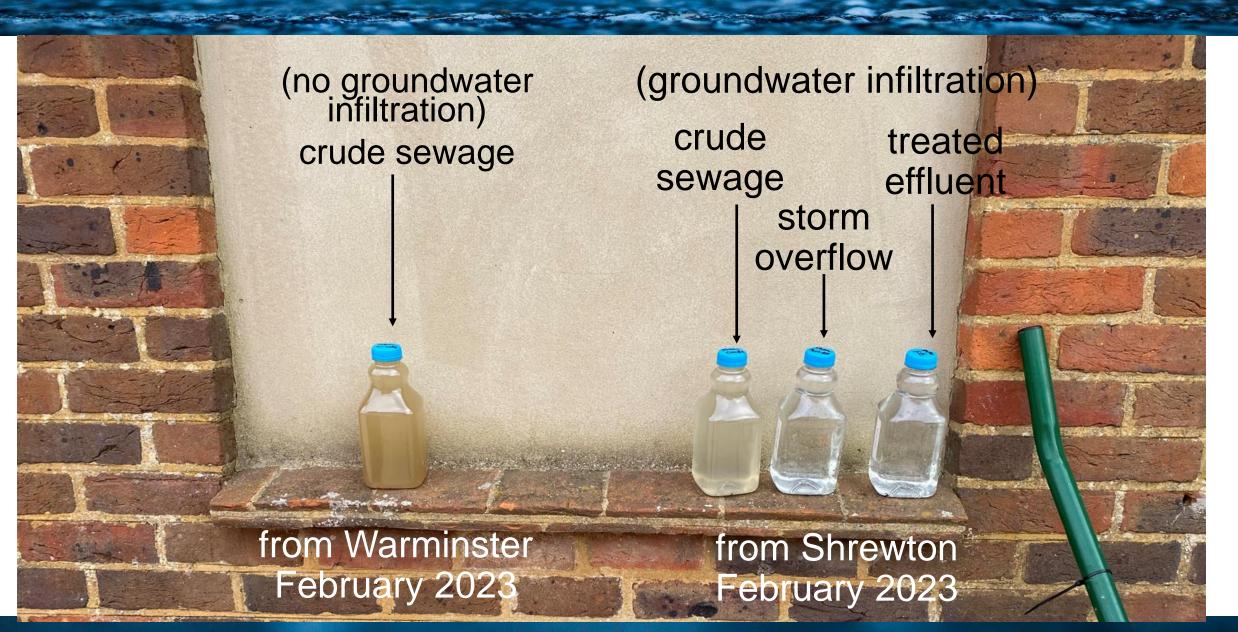
This is when untreated wastewater spills straight out into rivers and seas when there is no rain.





Groundwater induced overflows





Discharge quality



 This liquid [proclaimed as untreated or raw sewage] is actually typically cleaner than treated sewage is required to be

Parameter	Treated sewage permit (mg/l)	"raw" sewage results (mg/l)	Shrewton
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	45	с9	Sillewion
Suspended Solids	55	c16	
Ammonia	15	c5	

- It looks crystal clear, has no bits and no smell
- But there is no other word for it than "sewage"



Downton storm overflow



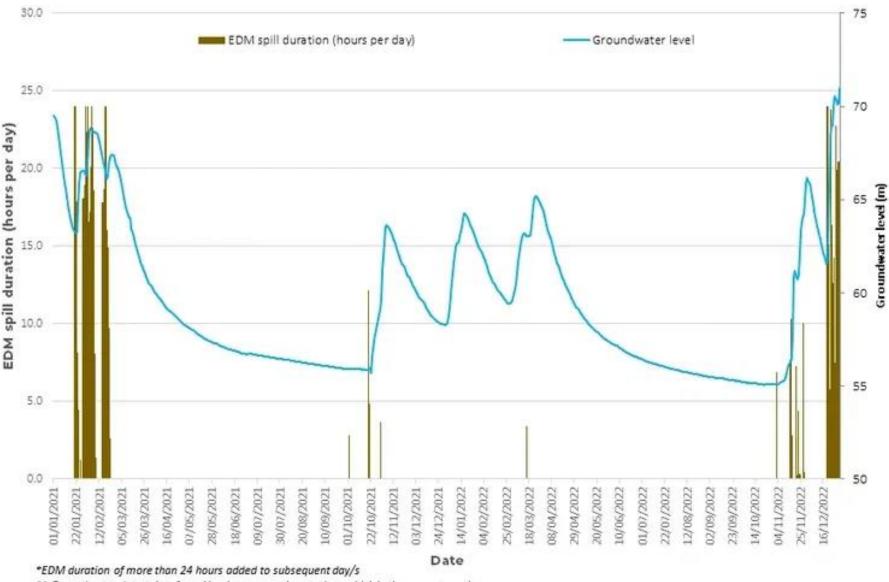
- 1 overflow in Downton
- It goes through preliminary and primary treatment





Relationship between groundwater level and storm overflow

EDM duration (hours spilled)* per day at Downton Moot Lane CSO 2021 to 2022 compared with groundwater levels**

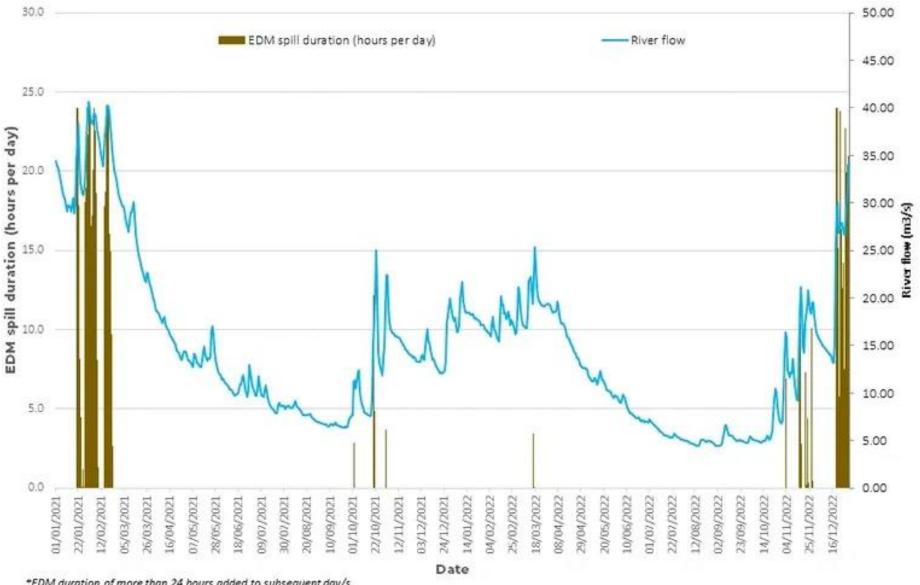


^{**} Groundwater data taken from Homington gauging station, which is the nearest continuous gauge



Relationship between river flow level and storm overflow

EDM duration (hours spilled)* per day at Downton Moot Lane CSO 2021 to 2022 compared with river flow**



^{*}EDM duration of more than 24 hours added to subsequent day/s

^{**}Flow data is mean daily flow in m3/s taken from EA gauging station 'East Mills Combined'.

What are we doing about them now and in the future?

aka 'Our plan'





Our NOW plan



- 92 projects this 5 year period £3m/month
 - Increasing treatment capacity at WRCs
 - Increasing storage at WRCs and in the network
 - Sealing networks
 - Adding nature-based treatment solutions
- Plus
 - Rainsaver's Project in Chippenham
 - Near real-time water quality monitoring for public health
- Read about it in our Storm Overflows Improvement Plan

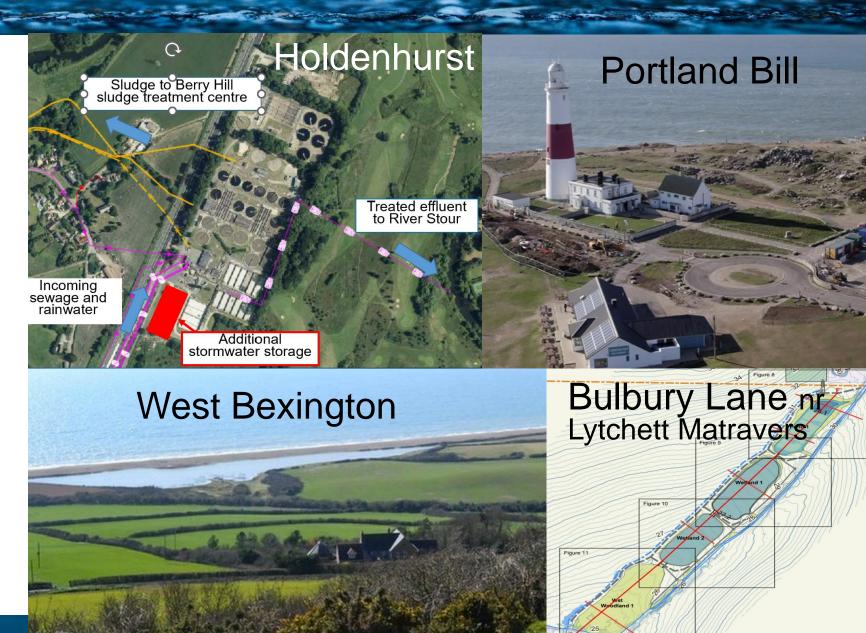


Our NOW plan



27 ongoing projects in Dorset and BCP Solutions include:

- Sewer sealing
- Storage tank construction
- Separation of rainwater
- Nature-based treatment solutions
- 'concrete' treatment solutions



Our FUTURE plan – 2025 onwards



2025-2030 investment increase to c£7m/month

	2025-30	2030-35	2035-40	2040-45	2045-50	Total
Number of Storm overflow improvement schemes	128	174	129	142	140	712

in Dorset and BCP

- 266 overflows
- 108 will meet the targets by 2025
- 54 more improvements in 2025-30

New national dashboard coming soon

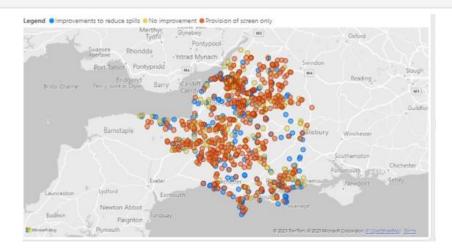




Storm Overflow Action Plan National Dashboard (England)

Filter by:

- Water company
- Local authority
- River basin



Provides investment dates and discharge reduction predictions for each storm overflow

Downton water recycling centre





2025-2030

- Phosphorus permit will be tightened from 1mg/l (currently discharging at 0.6mg/l) to 0.25mg/l
- Storm overflow will get a nature-based 'polishing' solution such as a reedbed



River water quality monitoring



 Environment Act 2021 requires upstream and downstream monitoring of discharge points



A new approach for public health and safety risk information

pН

Conductivity

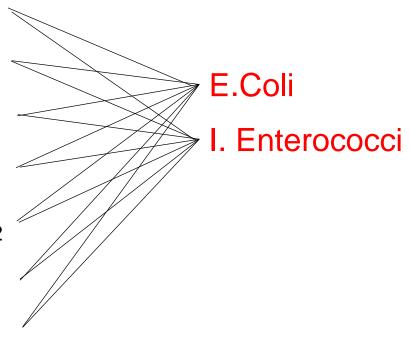
River flow

Temperature

Dissolved O₂

Turbidity

Ammonia





WARLEIGH WEIR – RIVER WATER INFORMATION

Wild swimmers can find out the current water quality, temperature and flowrate at Warleigh Weir.



Scan me



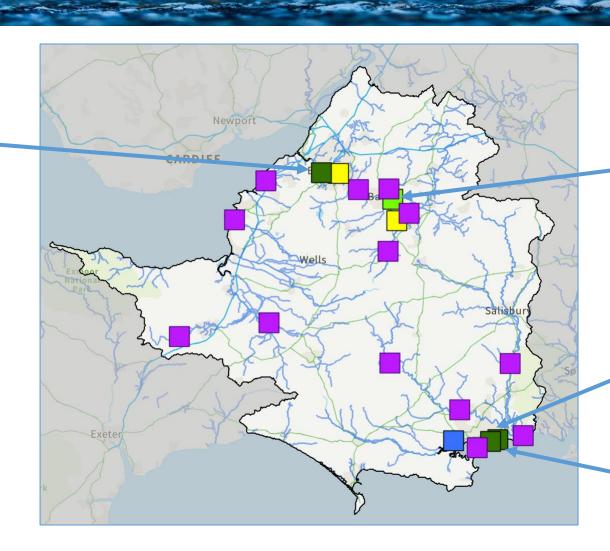
Wider roll out







- Realtime (Learning)
- Current Monthly
 Sampling
- Realtime (Planned)
- Future (Ambition)





S UnifAl

BOURNEMOUTH PIER

18.5 °C





Rainsaver trial – Chippenham 200



Water butt



Soaker hose



The trial will allow us to understand:

- customer attitudes and appetite,
- the optimal customer journey,
- potential solutions,
- costs of installation and effectiveness of chosen solutions, and
- pros and cons of using an external contractor.

Rain garden planter



Soak away



Rain garden



Underground water storage tank





Nutrient targets (current)



Rolling 12 Months - Since 22/09/2022								
Site	△ *	Site Id 💌	Directives *	P Permit (mg/l)	Stretch Target	Total P (mg/l)		
DOWNTON		13099	Habitats	1	-	0.61		

